

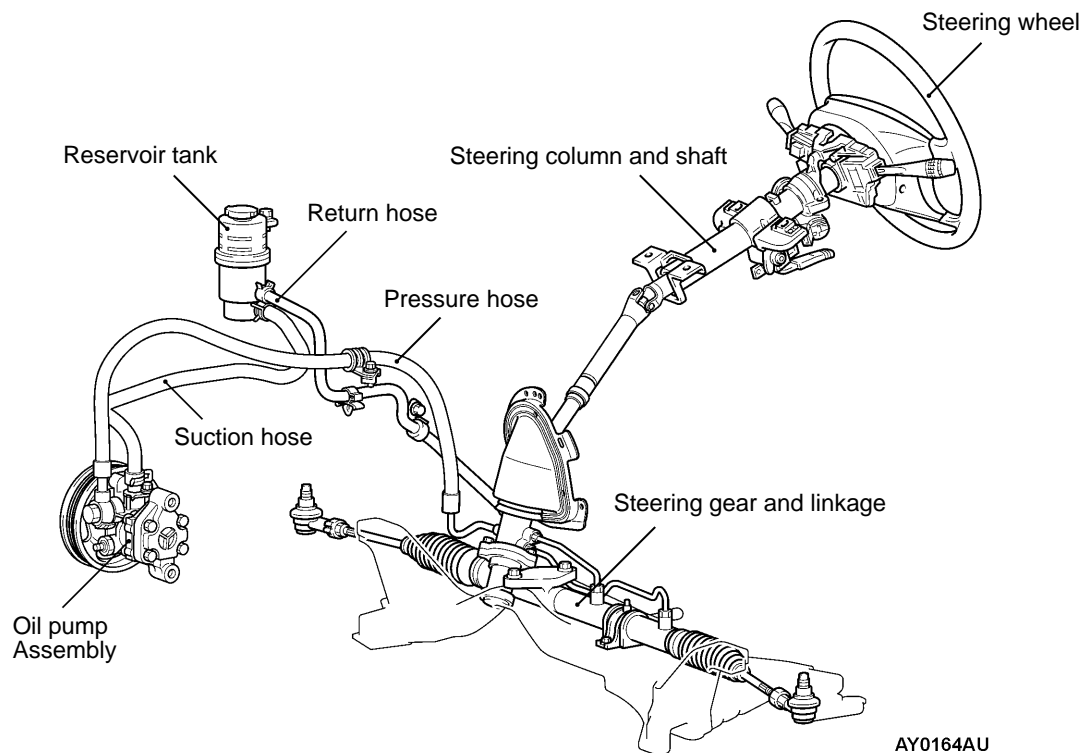
GENERAL INFORMATION

Two-spoke and four-spoke steering wheels are used, and a supplemental restraint system (SRS) air bag can be fitted in all models. (An air bag is standard in some models and optional in others.) The steering column is equipped with tilt steering mechanism.

The power steering is an integral rack and pinion type that combines the steering gear and linkage into one light-weight and compact assembly. The steering system uses a vane oil pump with a fluid flow control system, so that steering effort varies with engine speed.

Items		Specifications
Steering gear and linkage	Type	Integral type
	Gear type	Rack and pinion
Oil pump	Type	Vane type
	Displacement mL/rev.	7.2
	Relief set pressure MPa	9.5

CONSTRUCTION DIAGRAM



SERVICE SPECIFICATIONS

Items		Standard value	Limit
Steering wheel free play mm	when engine running	–	30 or less
	with engine stopped	0 – 10	–
Steering angle	Inner wheel	40°40' ± 1°30'	–
	Outer wheel <For reference>	33°00'	–
Ball joint turning torque N·m		0.5 – 2.5	–
Stationary steering effort N	Steering effort	29 or less	–
	Fluctuation allowance	5.9 or less	–
Oil pump relief pressure MPa		8.8 – 9.5	–
Pressure under no-load conditions MPa		0.2 – 0.7	–
Steering gear retention hydraulic pressure MPa		8.8 – 9.5	–
Oil pressure switch operating pressure MPa	OFF→ON	1.5 – 2.0	–
	ON→OFF	0.7 – 2.0	–
Total pinion torque Nm	Total rotation torque	0.6 – 1.6	–
	Torque variation	0.4 or less	–
Tie rod joint swing resistance N (Tie rod joint swing torque N·m)		8 – 27 (1.5 – 4.9)	–
Opening dimension of special tool (MB991561) mm		2.9	–
Band crimped width mm		2.4 – 2.8	–

LUBRICANTS

Items	Specified lubricant	Quantity
Power steering fluid	Automatic transmission fluid DEXRON II	Approx. 0.6 L
Tie rod bellows	Silicone grease	As required
Pinion and valve assembly	Repair kit grease	As required
Rack assembly		

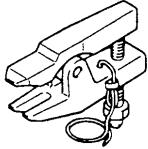
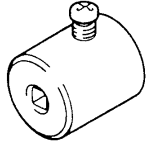
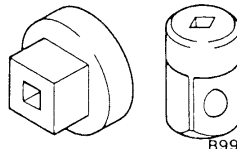
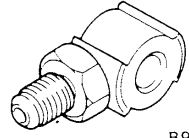
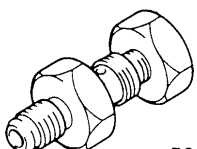
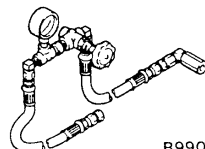
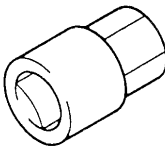
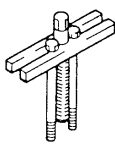
SEALANT

Items	Specified sealant	Remarks
Rack support cover end plug	3M ATD Part No. 8663 or equivalent	Semi-drying sealant


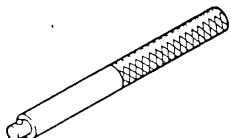
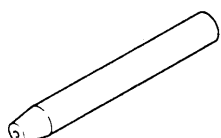
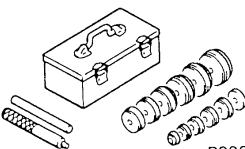
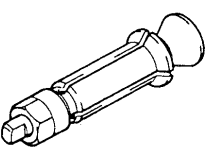
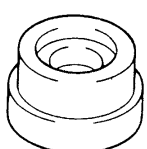
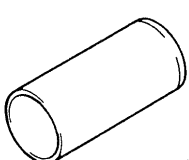
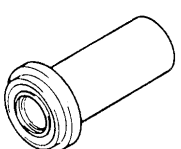
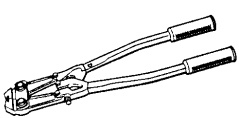
SPECIAL TOOLS

MAIN

Group
37A

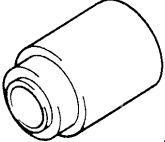
Tool	Number	Name	Use
 B991113	MB990635, MB991113 or MB991406	Steering linkage puller	Disconnection of tie rod end
 B991006	MB991006	Preload socket	Measurement of the total pinion torque
 B990326	MB990326	Preload socket	Measurement of the ball joint turning torque
 B990993	MB990993	Power steering oil pressure gauge adapter (pump side)	Measurement of oil pressure
 B990994	MB990994	Power steering oil pressure gauge adapter (hose side)	
 B990662	MB990662	Oil pressure gauge assembly	Measurement of oil pressure
 B991204	MB991204	Torque wrench socket	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Adjustment of rack support • Removal of rack support cover
 B990803	MB990803	Steering wheel puller	Disconnection of the steering wheel

37A STEERING BASE – Special Tools

Tool	Number	Name	Use
 B991202	MB991202	Oil seal and bearing installer	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Press fitting of rack housing bearing To press in the oil seal for the rack
 B991197	MB991197	Bar (long type)	
 B991212	MB991212	Rack installer	Rack installation
 B990925	MB990925	Bearing and oil seal installer set	Installation of the oil seal and bearing
 B991120	MB991120	Needle bearing puller	Removal of rack housing needle bearing
 B991203	MB991203	Oil seal and bearing installer	To press in the valve housing oil seal and bearing
 B991317	MB991317	Seal ring installer	Compression of the seal rings after replacement of the pinion seal rings
 B990941	MB990941	Torque tube bearing installer	Installation of valve housing oil seal
	MB991561	Boot band crimping tool	Installation of bellows band

MAIN

Group
37A

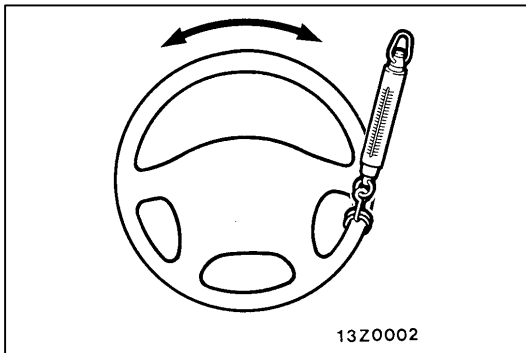
Tool	Number	Name	Use
 B990776	MB990776	Front axle base	Installation of dust cover for tie rod end ball joint

ON-VEHICLE SERVICE

STEERING WHEEL FREE PLAY CHECK

1. With engine running (hydraulic operation), set front wheels straight ahead.
2. Measure the play on steering wheel circumference before wheels start to move when slightly moving steering wheel in both directions.

Limit: 30 mm or less



3. When play exceeds the limit, check for play on steering shaft connection and steering linkage. Correct or replace.
4. If the free play still exceeds the limit value, set steering wheel straight ahead with engine stopped. Load 5 N towards steering wheel circumference and check play.

Standard value: 0 – 10 mm

5. If the play exceeds the standard value, remove [steering gear box and check total pinion torque](#).

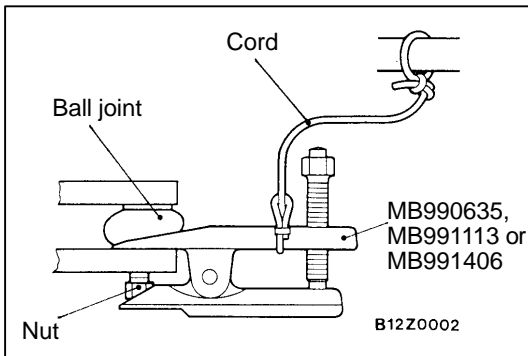
STEERING ANGLE CHECK

1. Locate front wheels on turning radius gauge and measure steering angle.

Standard value:

Inner wheel	40° 40' ± 1° 30'
Outer wheel<For reference>	33° 00'

2. When the angle is not within the standard value, the toe-in is probably incorrect. Adjust the toe-in (Refer to [On-vehicle Service](#)) and recheck steering angle.

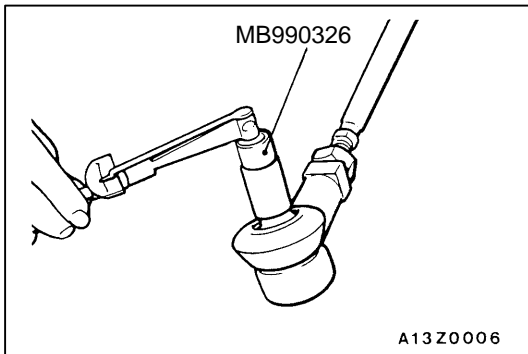


TIE ROD END BALL JOINT STARTING TORQUE CHECK

1. Disconnect tie rod and knuckle with special tool.

Caution

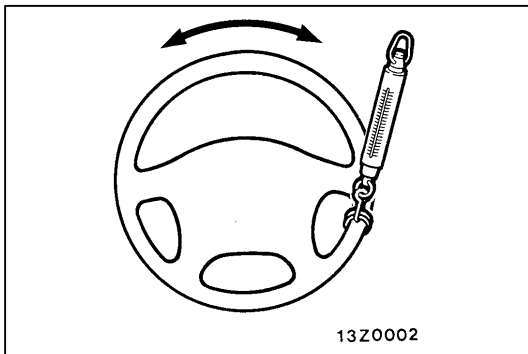
- (1) Loosen the nut of the special tool, but do not remove it. If it is removed, the ball joint thread may be damaged.
- (2) Tie the special tool with a cord so as not to fall off.



2. Move ball joint stud several times and install nut on stud. Measure ball joint turning torque with special tool.

Standard value: 0.5 – 2.5 N·m

3. When the starting torque exceeds the standard value, replace tie rod end.
4. When the starting torque is under the standard value, check ball joint for end play or ratcheting. If none of these, the joint is still serviceable.



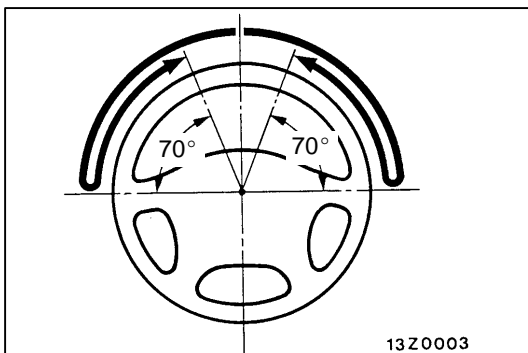
STATIONARY STEERING EFFORT CHECK

1. With the vehicle stopped on a flat, paved surface, turn the steering wheel to the straight ahead position.
2. Start the engine and set it to $1,000 \pm 100$ r/min.
3. Attach a spring balance to the outer circumference of the steering wheel and measure the steering force required to turn the steering wheel from the straight ahead position to the left and right (within a range of 1.5 turns). Also check to be sure that there is no significant fluctuation of the required steering force.

Standard value:

Steering effort	29 N or less
Fluctuation allowance	5.9 N or less

4. If the standard values are not met, check and adjust the related parts.



CHECKING STEERING WHEEL RETURN TO CENTRE

To make this test, conduct a road test and check as follows.

1. Make both gradual and sudden turns and check the steering “feeling” to be sure that there is not difference in the steering force required and the wheel return between left and right turns.

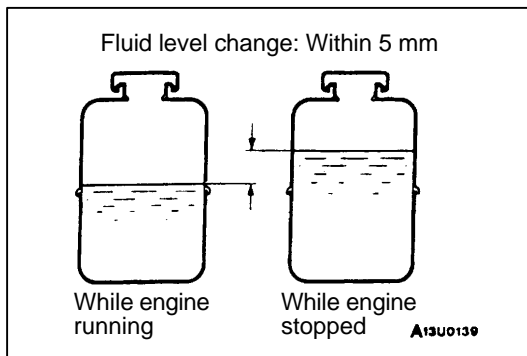
- At a speed of 35 km/h, turn the steering wheel 90° and release the steering wheel after 1 or 2 seconds. If the steering wheel then returns 70° or more, the return can be judged to be satisfactory.

NOTE

There will be a momentary feeling or “heaviness” when the wheel is turned quickly, but this is not abnormal. (This is because the oil pump discharge amount is especially apt to be insufficient during idling.)

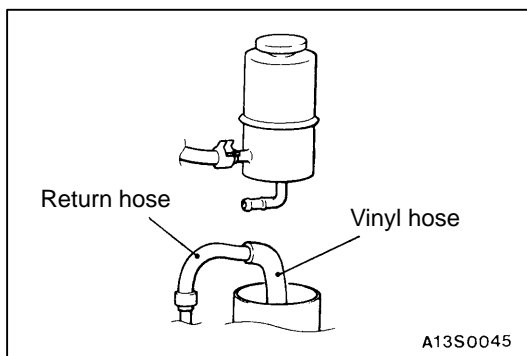
DRIVE BELT TENSION CHECK

Refer to [On-vehicle Service](#).



POWER STEERING FLUID LEVEL CHECK

- Park the vehicle on a flat, level surface, start the engine, and then turn the steering wheel several times to raise the temperature of the fluid to approximately 50–60°C.
- With the engine running, turn the wheel all the way to the left and right several times.
- Check the fluid in the oil reservoir for foaming or milkiness. Check the difference of the fluid level when the engine is stopped, and while it is running. If the change of the fluid level is 5 mm or more, air bleeding should be done.



POWER STEERING FLUID REPLACEMENT

- Raise the front wheels on a jack, and then support them with rigid racks.
- Disconnect the return hose connection.
- Connect a vinyl hose to the return hose, and drain the oil into a container.
- Disconnect the ignition coil connectors. (Refer to [Ignition System](#).)
- While operating the starting motor intermittently, turn the steering wheel all the way to the left and right several times to drain all of the fluid.
- Connect the return hoses securely, and then secure it with the clip.
- Fill the oil reservoir with specified fluid up to between “MAX” and “MIN” marks, and then bleed air.

Specified fluid:

Automatic transmission fluid DEXRON II

Caution

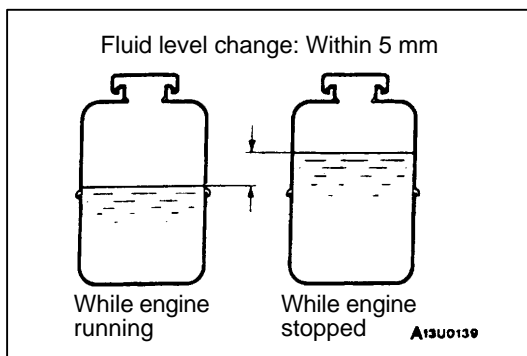
Do not use ATF-SP II M and ATF-SP III.

POWER STEERING SYSTEM BLEEDING

1. Jack up the vehicle and support the front wheels with rigid racks.
2. Disconnect the ignition coil connectors. Cranking the engine with the starter several times intermittently (during 15 to 20 seconds), turn the steering wheel left and right fully five or six times.

Caution

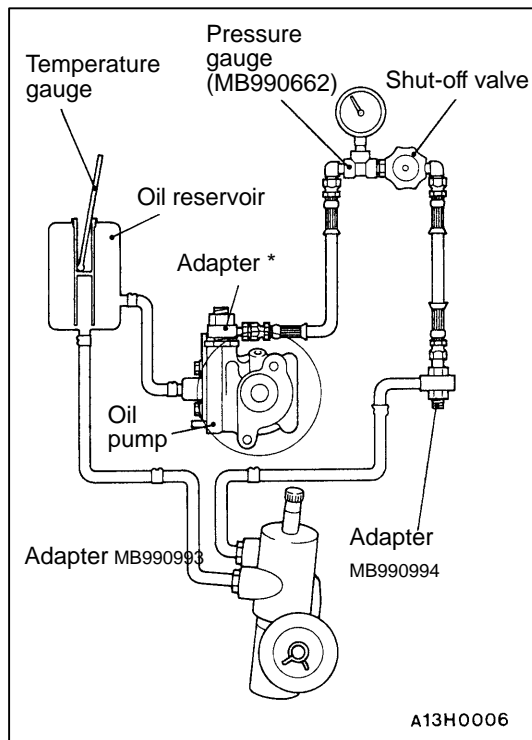
- (1) **During the bleeding, refill the fluid so that the level is always above “MIN” mark on the oil reservoir.**
 - (2) **Be sure to bleed air only while cranking. If the bleeding is done with the engine running, the air will be broken up and absorbed into the fluid.**
3. Connect the ignition coil connectors and idle the engine.
 4. Turn the steering wheel left and right fully until no bubbles comes out in the oil reservoir.
 5. See that the fluid is not milky and that the fluid level is between “MAX” and “MIN” marks.
 6. See that the fluid level changes little when the steering wheel is turned left and right.
 7. Check difference in fluid levels between the engine stopped and running.



8. If the level changes more than 5 mm, the air is badly bled. So, bleed air again.

Caution

- (1) **If the fluid level rises suddenly after the engine is stopped, the bleeding is incomplete.**
- (2) **Incomplete bleeding causes abnormal noises from the pump and the flow-control valve. This could lessen the life of the pump and the other parts.**



OIL PUMP PRESSURE TEST

1. Disconnect the pressure hose from the oil pump, and then connect the special tools.
2. Bleed the air, and then turn the steering wheel several times while the vehicle is not moving so that the temperature of the fluid rises to approximately 50–60°C.
3. Start the engine and idle it at 1,000±100 r/min.
4. Fully close the shut-off valve of the pressure gauge and measure the oil pump relief pressure to confirm that it is within the standard value range.

Standard value: 8.8 – 9.5 MPa

5. If the standard value is not met, disassemble and assemble the oil pump again. Then, remeasure oil pressure.
6. With the pressure gauge shut-off valve fully open, check the hydraulic pressure in unladen condition.

Standard value: 0.2 – 0.7 MPa

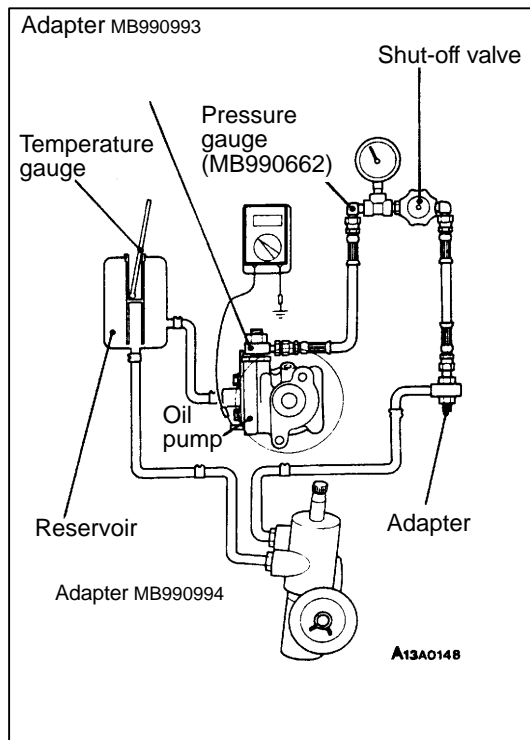
7. If the standard value is not met, the oil line or steering gear is probably defective. So, repair and measure oil pressure again.
8. Turn the steering wheel fully either left or right and check the retention hydraulic pressure.

Standard value: 8.8 – 9.5 MPa

9. If the pressure is below the standard value, disassemble and reassemble the steering gear. If above, disassemble and reassemble the components of the oil pump flow control valve. Then, measure oil pressure again.
10. Remove the special tools, and tighten the pressure hose to the specified torque.

Tightening torque: 57 ± 7 N·m

11. Bleed the system.



POWER STEERING OIL PRESSURE SWITCH CHECK

1. Disconnect the pressure hose from the oil pump, and then connect the special tools.
2. Bleed the air, and then turn the steering wheel several times while the vehicle is not moving so that the temperature of the fluid rises to approximately 50–60°C.
3. The engine should be idling.
4. Disconnect the connection of the connector for the oil pressure switch, and set an ohmmeter in position.
5. Gradually close the shut-off valve of the pressure gauge and increase the hydraulic pressure, then check whether or not the hydraulic pressure that activates the switch is the standard value.

Standard value: 1.5 – 2.0 MPa

6. Gradually open the shut-off valve and reduce the hydraulic pressure; then check whether or not the hydraulic pressure that deactivates the switch is the standard value.

Standard value: 0.7 – 2.0 MPa

7. Remove the special tools, and then tighten the pressure hose to the specified torque.

Tightening torque: 57 ± 7 N·m

8. Bleed the system.

BALL JOINT DUST COVER CHECK

1. Check the dust cover for cracks or damage by pushing it with finger.
2. If the dust cover is cracked or damaged, replace the tie rod end.

NOTE

Cracks or damage of the dust cover may cause damage of the ball joint.

STEERING WHEEL AND SHAFT

REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION

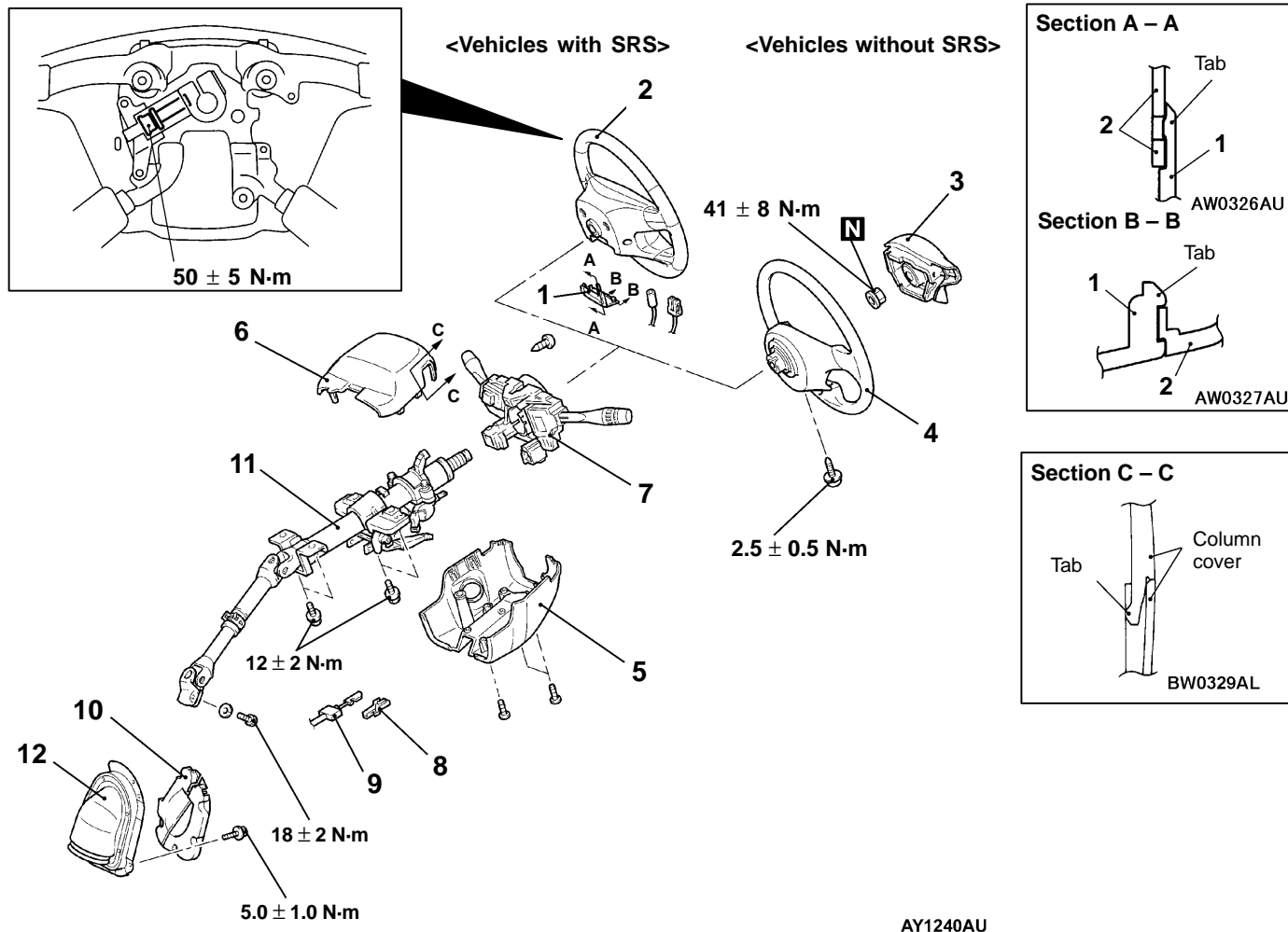
Caution:

Before removing the air bag module and clock spring, refer to [Service Precautions](#) and [Air Bag Module and Clock Spring](#).

Pre-removal Operation
[Instrument Under Cover Removal](#)

Post-installation Operation

- [Instrument Under Cover Installation](#)
- Checking Steering Wheel Position with Wheels Straight Ahead



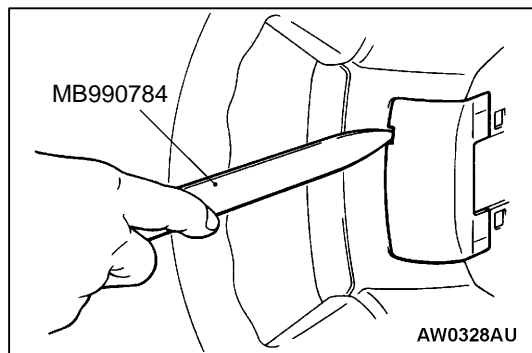
Removal steps

1. Cover <Vehicles with SRS>
2. Steering wheel and air bag module assembly <Vehicles with SRS>
3. Horn pad <Vehicles without SRS>
4. Steering wheel <Vehicles without SRS>
5. Lower column cover
6. Upper column cover
7. Clock spring and column switch assembly
8. Cover <A/T>

9. Key interlock cable <A/T>
10. Shaft cover
11. Steering column shaft assembly
12. Cover assembly

NOTE

When the air bag module assembly must be removed, refer to [Air Bag Modules and Clock Spring](#).



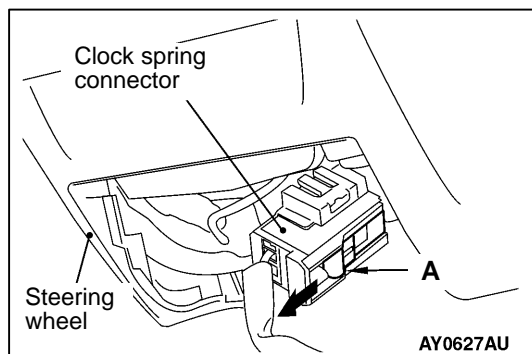
REMOVAL SERVICE POINTS

◀A▶ COVER REMOVAL

Insert the special tool from the indicated position to remove the cover.

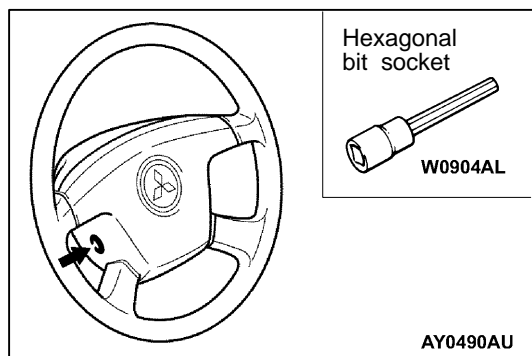
NOTE

The special tool can be inserted through the notch behind the position shown.



◀B▶ STEERING WHEEL AND AIRBAG MODULE ASSEMBLY REMOVAL <Vehicles with SRS>

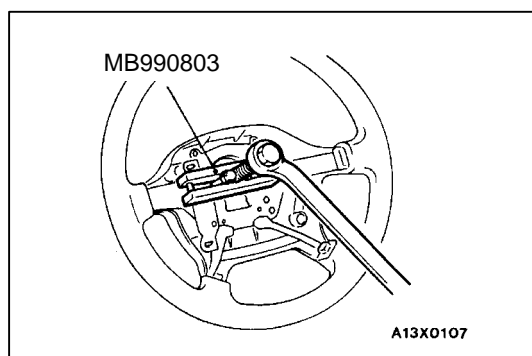
1. By sliding section A of the clock spring connector shown in the illustration in the arrow direction, disconnect the connector.



2. Loosen the bolt completely. Then, remove the steering wheel and airbag module assembly.

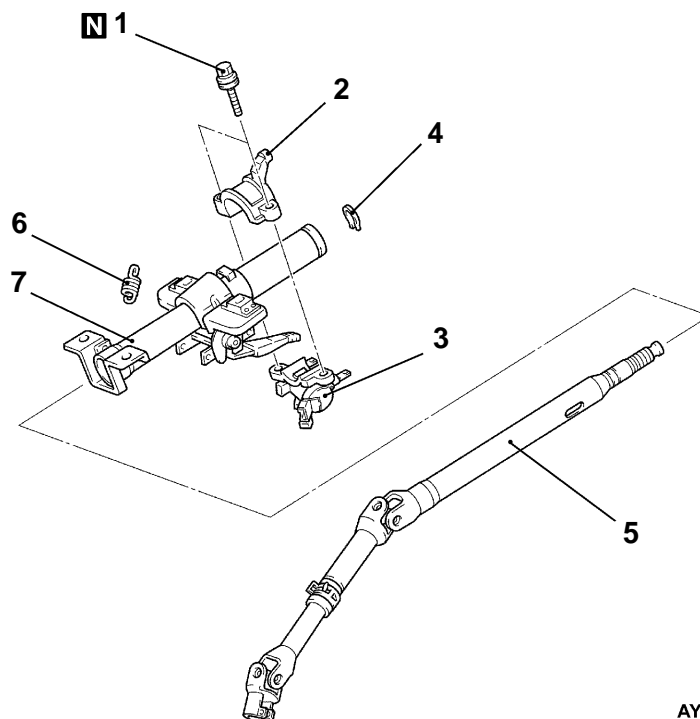
NOTE

Use a hexagonal bit socket or a hexagonal wrench having an effective length of 75 mm or more in the hexagonal section and the diameter of 8 mm or more.



◀C▶ STEERING WHEEL REMOVAL <Vehicles without SRS>

DISASSEMBLY AND REASSEMBLY



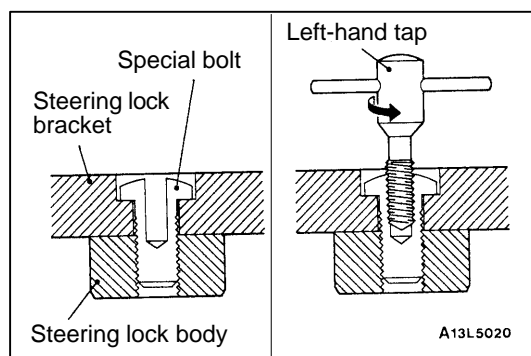
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Disassembly steps



1. Special bolt
2. Steering lock bracket
3. Steering lock cylinder assembly
4. Snap ring

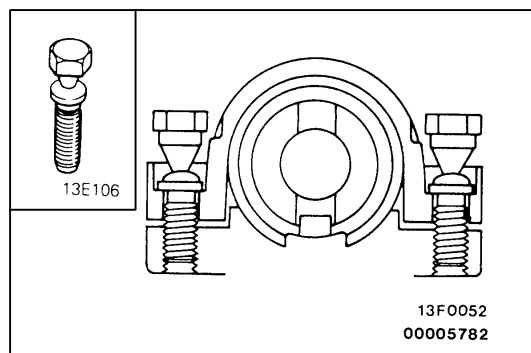
5. Steering shaft assembly
6. Tilt spring
7. Steering column assembly



DISASSEMBLY SERVICE POINT

◀A▶ SPECIAL BOLT REMOVAL

1. Drill in the special bolt a hole deep enough for the tap to stand.
2. Remove the special bolt with a left-hand tap.



REASSEMBLY SERVICE POINT

▶A◀ STEERING LOCK CYLINDER ASSEMBLY/ STEERING LOCK BRACKET/SPECIAL BOLT INSTALLATION

1. When installing the steering lock cylinder assembly and steering lock bracket to the steering column assembly, temporarily install the steering lock in alignment with the column boss.
2. Check that the steering lock works properly. Then, tighten the special bolts until the heads twists off.

POWER STEERING GEAR BOX AND LINKAGE

REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION

Caution: SRS

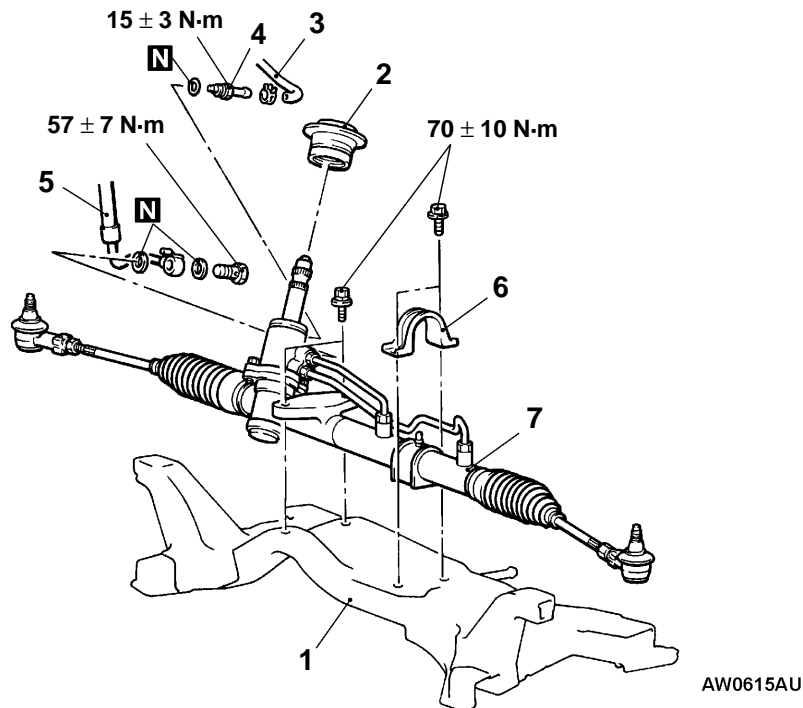
On vehicles with SRS, before removing steering gear box, refer to GROUP 52B. Also, put the front wheels in straight-ahead position and remove the ignition key. Failure to do so may damage the SRS clock spring and render the SRS air bag inoperative, which results serious driver injury.

Pre-removal Operation

Power Steering Fluid Draining

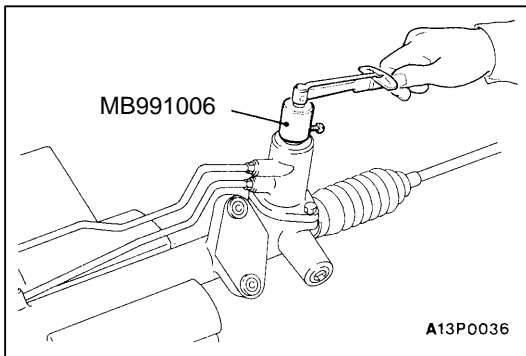
Post-installation Operation

- Power Steering Fluid Supplying and bleeding
- Checking Steering Wheel Position with Wheels Straight Ahead



Removal steps

1. Crossmember
2. Joint cover grommet
3. Return hose connection
4. Return tube
5. Pressure hose connection
6. Clamp
7. Steering gear and linkage



INSPECTION

GEAR BOX PINION TOTAL ROTATION TORQUE CHECK

Caution

Secure the steering gear box and linkage in their mounting positions only. Otherwise, deformation or damage could result.

1. Using the special tool, turn the pinion gear at a speed of one rotation per 4 to 6 seconds to measure total rotation torque.

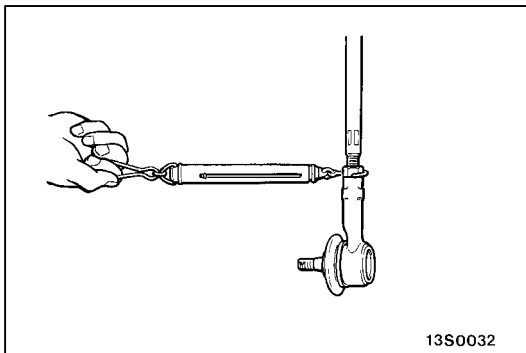
Standard values:

Total rotation torque: 0.6 – 1.6 N·m

Torque fluctuation: 0.4 N·m or less

NOTE

- (1) Remove the bellows from the rack housing before measuring.
- (2) Measure the total rotation torque by turning the special tool left and right 180° from the neutral position.
2. If the standard values are not met, adjust the pinion total rotation torque.
3. In case the adjustment is impossible, disassemble and check the components, and repair if necessary.



TIE ROD SWING RESISTANCE CHECK

1. Swing the tie rod 10 times hardly.
2. With the tie rod end downwards as shown, use a spring scale to measure swing resistance (swing torque).

Standard value: 6 – 19 N (1.5 – 4.9 N·m)

3. If the measured value is above the standard value, replace the tie rod.
4. If below, check the ball joint for looseness or ratcheting. The tie rod is still serviceable when the ball joint swings smoothly.

TIE ROD END BALL JOINT DUST COVER CHECK

1. Check the dust cover for cracks or damage by pushing it with finger.
2. If the dust cover is cracked or damaged, replace the tie rod end.

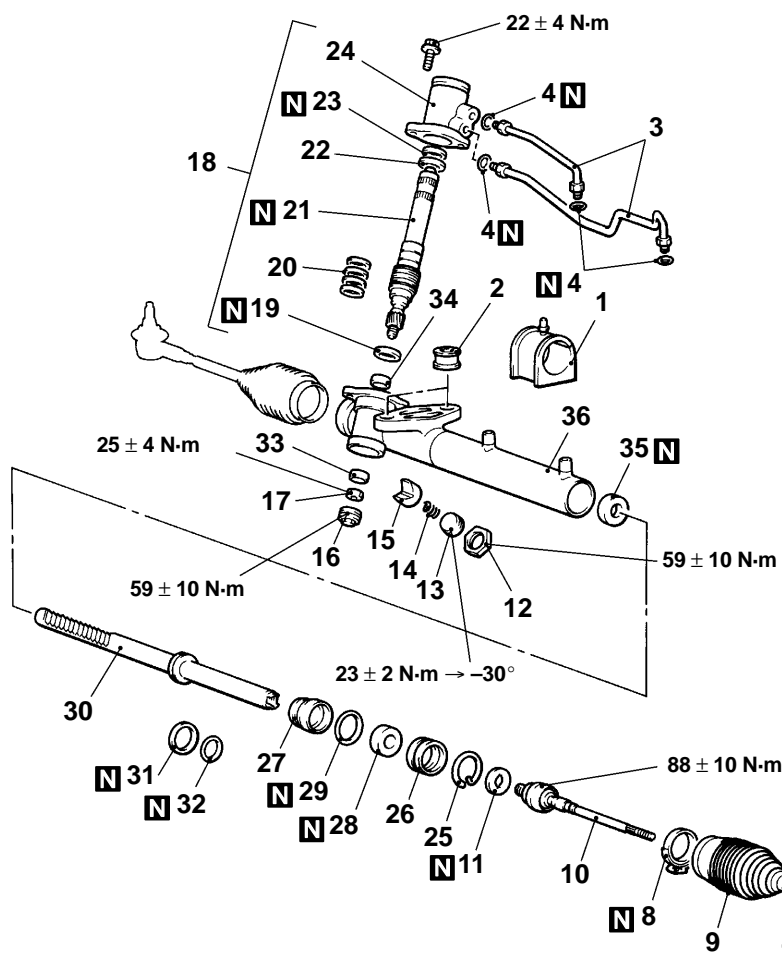
NOTE

A cracked or damaged dust cover may damage the ball joint. Replace the dust cover when it is damaged during service work.

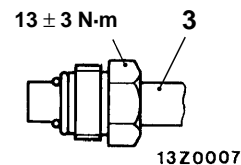
DISASSEMBLY AND REASSEMBLY

MAIN

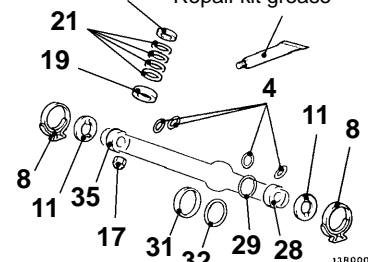
Group
37A



Flare nut



Repair kit grease



Steering gear seal set

W0616AU
00009923

Disassembly steps

- ▶ **O** 1. Gear mounting rubber cushion
- ▶ **N** 2. Gear housing mounting bushing
- ▶ **N** 3. Feed pipe
- ▶ **N** 4. O-ring
- ▶ **M** 5. Lock nut
- ▶ **L** 6. Tie rod end
- ▶ **L** 7. Clip
- ▶ **K** 8. Band
- ▶ **J** 9. Bellows
- ▶ **J** 10. Tie rod
- ▶ **J** 11. Tab washer
- ▶ **J** 12. Lock nut
- ▶ **J** 13. Rack support cover
- ▶ **I** 14. Support spring
- ▶ **I** 15. Rack support
- ▶ **I** 16. End plug
- ▶ **I** 17. Lock nut

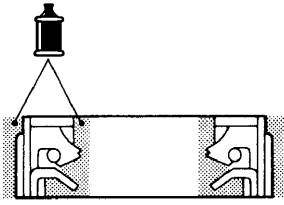
- ▶ **H** 18. Valve housing assembly
- ▶ **H** 19. Lower oil seal
- ▶ **G** 20. Pinion and valve assembly
- ▶ **F** 21. Seal ring
- ▶ **F** 22. Upper bearing
- ▶ **F** 23. Upper oil seal
- ▶ **F** 24. Valve housing
- ▶ **E** 25. Circlip
- ▶ **D** 26. Rack stopper
- ▶ **D** 27. Rack bushing
- ▶ **D** 28. Oil seal
- ▶ **C** 29. O-ring
- ▶ **C** 30. Rack assembly
- ▶ **C** 31. Seal ring
- ▶ **C** 32. O-ring
- ▶ **B** 33. Lower bearing
- ▶ **B** 34. Needle bearing
- ▶ **A** 35. Oil seal
- ▶ **A** 36. Gear housing

37A STEERING BASE – Power Steering Gear Box and Linkage

Lubrication and Sealing Points

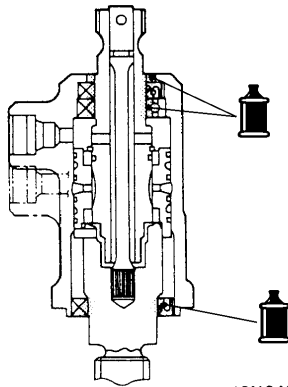
MAIN

Group
37A



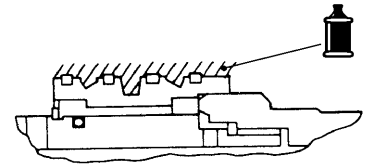
13S0075

Fluid:
Automatic transmission
fluid DEXRON II



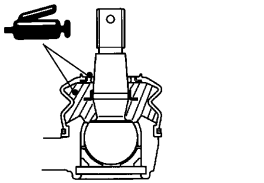
13N0165

Fluid:
Automatic transmission
fluid DEXRON II

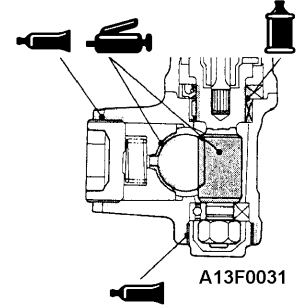
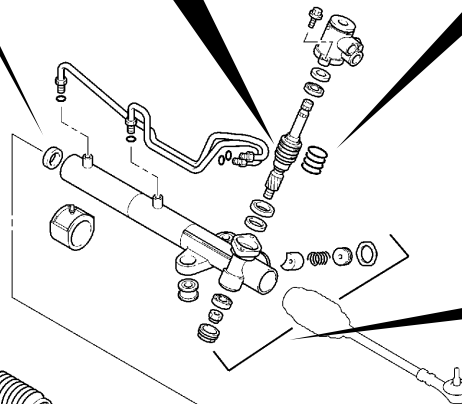


13N0087

Fluid:
Automatic transmission
fluid DEXRON II

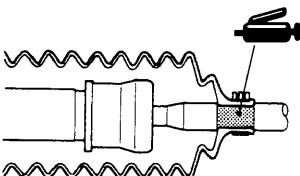


BX0760CA



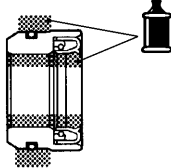
A13F0031

Grease: Repair kit grease
Sealant: 3M ATD part No. 8663
or equivalent
Fluid:
Automatic transmission
fluid DEXRON II



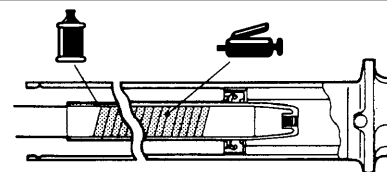
13G0070

Grease: Silicone grease



W0617AU

Fluid:
Automatic transmission
fluid DEXRON II



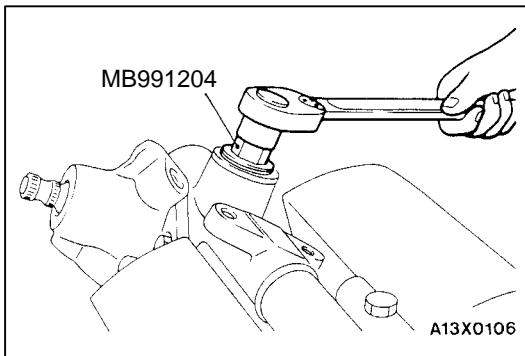
13S0072

Grease: Repair kit grease
Fluid:
Automatic transmission
fluid DEXRON II

BY1309AU

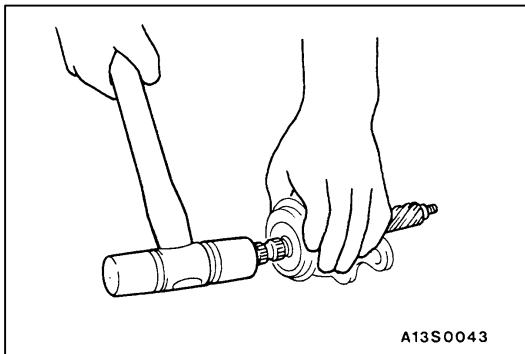
DISASSEMBLY SERVICE POINTS

◀A▶ RACK SUPPORT COVER REMOVAL



◀B▶ LOWER OIL SEAL/PINION AND VALVE ASSEMBLY REMOVAL

With a plastic hammer, lightly tap the pinion and valve assembly in its spline to remove the lower oil seal and pinion and valve assembly from the valve housing.

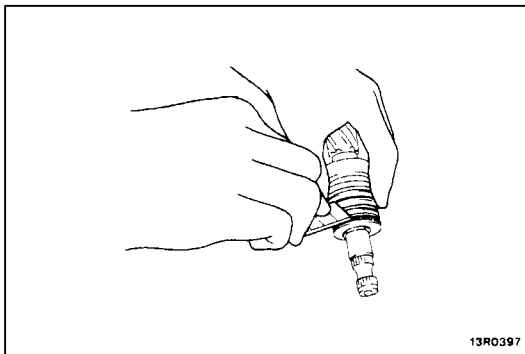


◀C▶ SEAL RING REMOVAL

Cut the seal ring to remove from the pinion and valve assembly.

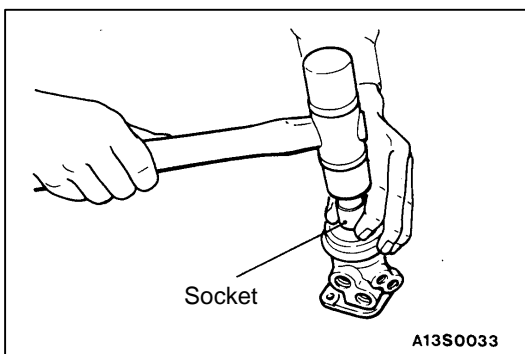
Caution

When cutting the seal ring, be careful not to damage the pinion and valve assembly.



◀D▶ UPPER BEARING/UPPER OIL SEAL REMOVAL

Using a socket, pull out the upper oil seal and bearing from the valve housing.

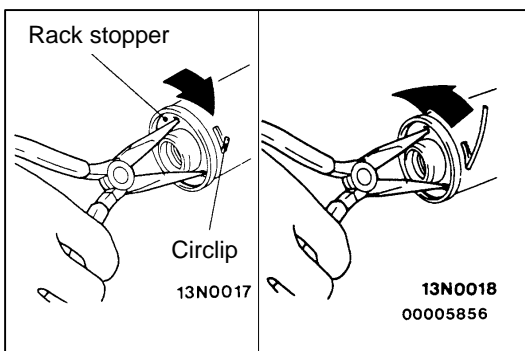


◀E▶ CIRCLIP REMOVAL

1. Turn the rack stopper clockwise until the circlip end comes out of the slot in the rack housing.
2. Turn the rack stopper anticlockwise to remove the circlip.

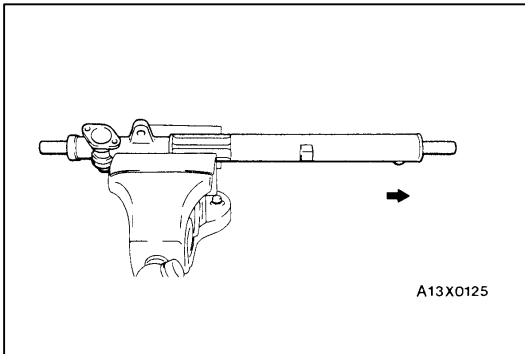
Caution

Do not turn the rack stopper anticlockwise first. Otherwise, the circlip will get caught in the slot in the housing, which makes the rack stopper unable to turn.



◀F▶ RACK STOPPER/RACK BUSHING/OIL SEAL/O-RING/RACK ASSEMBLY REMOVAL

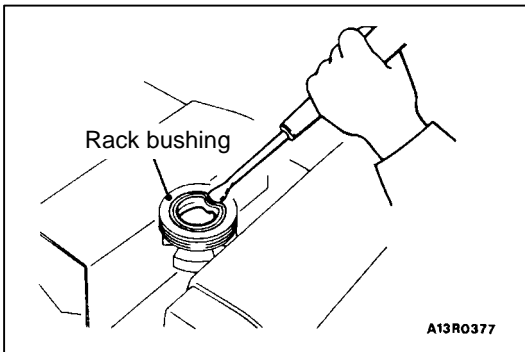
1. Remove the rack stopper, rack bushing, oil seal and O-ring together by pulling out the rack gently.



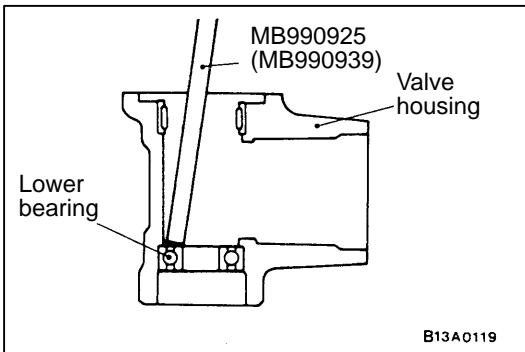
2. Partially bend the oil seal to remove from the rack bushing.

Caution

Use care not to damage the oil seal press-fitting surface of the rack bushing.



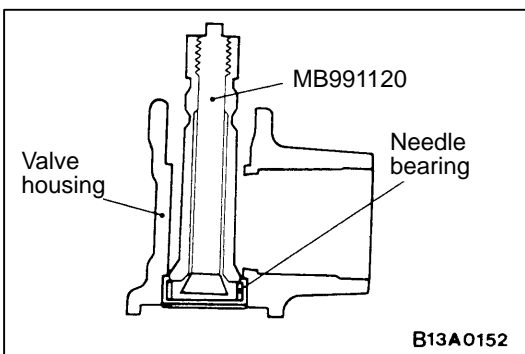
◀G▶ LOWER BEARING REMOVAL



◀H▶ NEEDLE BEARING REMOVAL

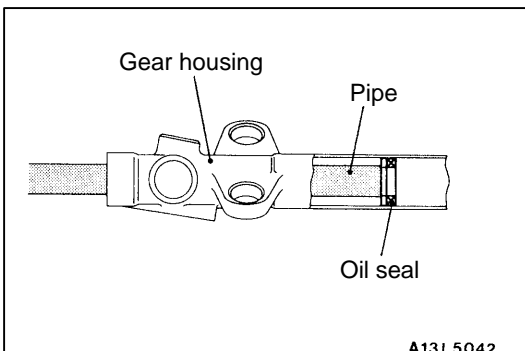
Caution

Do not open the special tool to much, otherwise it may damage the inside surface of the valve housing.



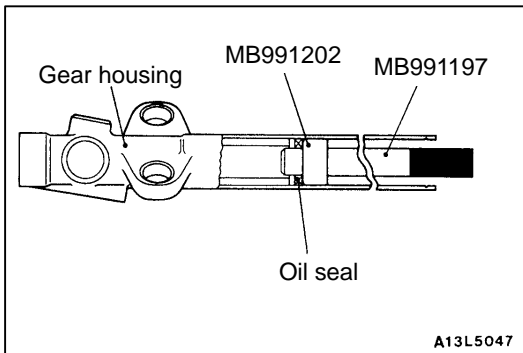
◀I▶ OIL SEAL REMOVAL

Use a pipe or the like to pull out the oil seal.

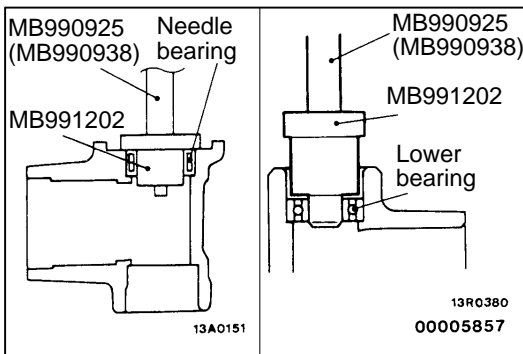


REASSEMBLY SERVICE POINTS

►A◄ OIL SEAL INSTALLATION



►B◄ NEEDLE BEARING/LOWER BEARING INSTALLATION

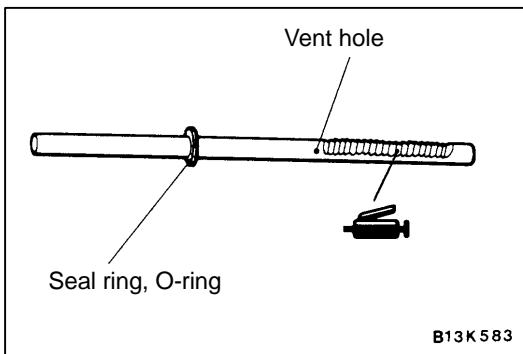


►C◄ RACK ASSEMBLY INSTALLATION

1. Apply repair kit grease to the teeth of the rack assembly.

Caution

Use care not to close the vent hole in the rack with grease.



2. Cover the serrations of the rack assembly with the special tool.
3. Apply specified fluid to the outer surfaces of the special tool, seal ring and O-ring.

Specified fluid:

Automatic transmission fluid DEXRON II

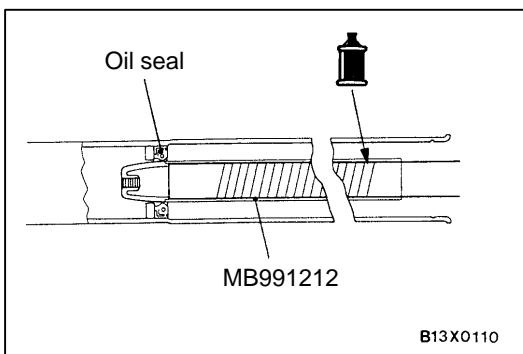
Caution

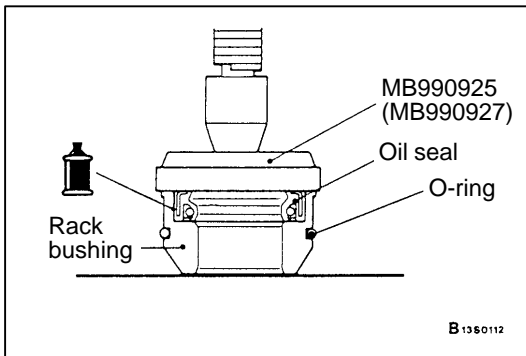
Do not use ATF-SP II M and ATF-SP III.

4. Slowly insert the rack covered with the special tool from the power cylinder side of the gear housing.

Caution

Carefully push in the rack with the oil seal centre and the special tool end matched. This is to avoid the retainer spring coming off.





►D◄ OIL SEAL/RACK BUSHING INSTALLATION

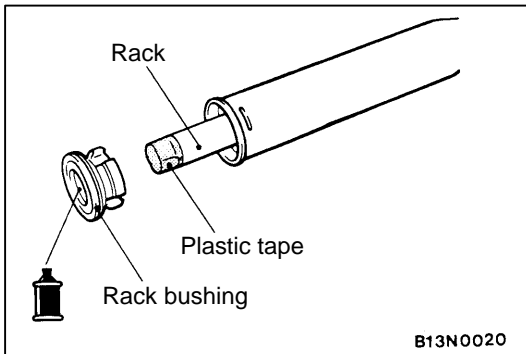
1. Apply specified fluid to the outer surface of the oil seal. Using the special tool, press in the oil seal until it is flush with the bushing end face.

Specified fluid:

Automatic transmission fluid DEXRON II

Caution

Do not use ATF-SP II M and ATF-SP III.



2. Apply the specified fluid to the oil seal inner surface and the O-ring.

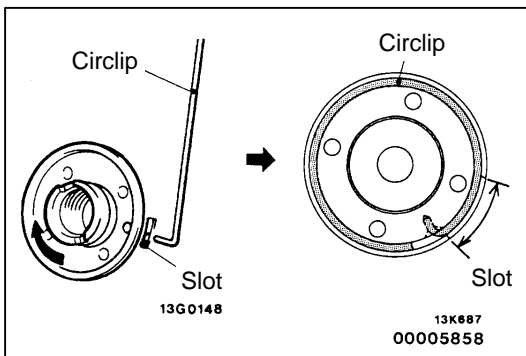
Specified fluid:

Automatic transmission fluid DEXRON II

Caution

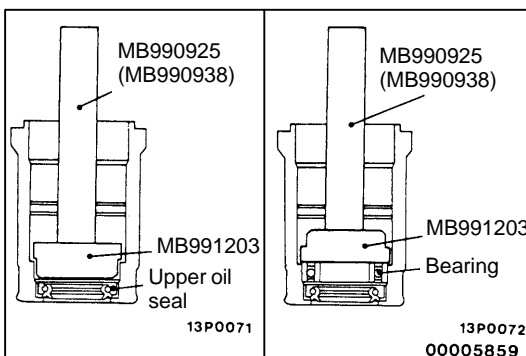
Do not use ATF-SP II M and ATF-SP III.

3. Wrap the rack end with plastic tape, and push the rack bushing onto the rack.

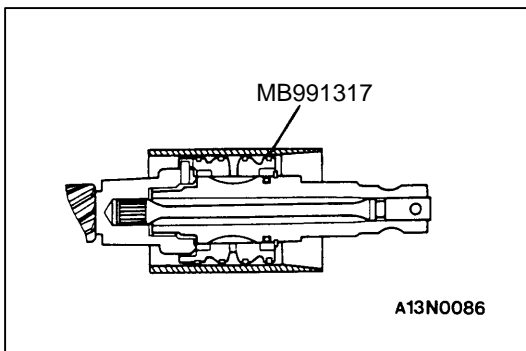


►E◄ CIRCLIP INSTALLATION

Align the mark on the rack stopper and the slot in the cylinder. Then, insert the circlip into the rack stopper hole through the cylinder hole. Turn the rack stopper clockwise and insert the circlip firmly.

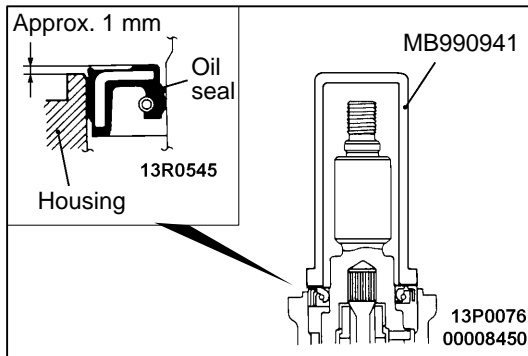


►F◄ UPPER OIL SEAL/UPPER BEARING INSTALLATION



►G◄ SEAL RING INSTALLATION

After installation, using the special tool or by hand, compress seal rings that expand during installation.

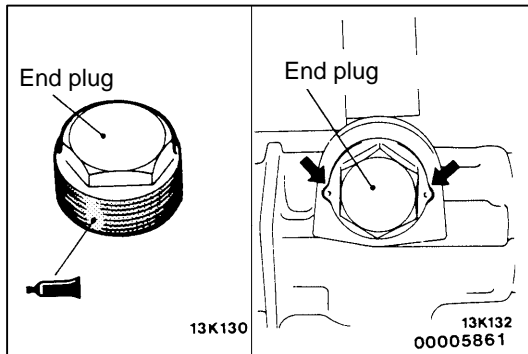


►H◀ LOWER OIL SEAL INSTALLATION

Using the special tool, press the oil seal into the valve housing. The upper surface of the oil seal must project outwards about 1 mm from the housing end surface.

Caution

When the oil seal is flush with or lower than the housing edge, reassemble the components. Otherwise, oil leaks will result.



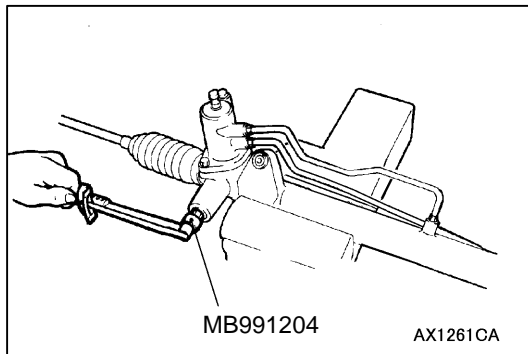
►I◀ END PLUG INSTALLATION

1. Apply specified sealant to the threaded section of the end plug, and then install the end plug to the gear housing.

Specified fluid:

3M ATD Part No.8663 or equivalent

2. Use a punch to bend over the two tabs on the sides of the end plug to stop the end plug from turning.



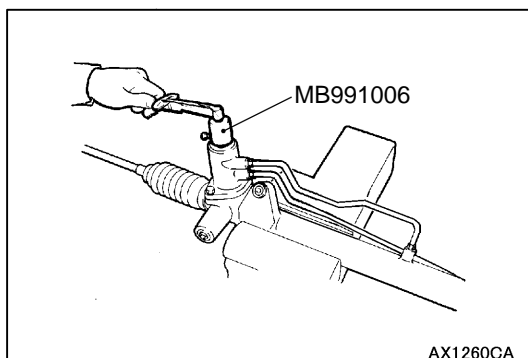
►J◀ RACK SUPPORT COVER/LOCKING NUT INSTALLATION

1. Apply specified sealant to the rack cover support thread.

Specified fluid:

3M ATD Part No.8663 or equivalent

2. Using the special tool, tighten the rack support cover to 23 ± 2 N·m.
3. Return the rack support cover by about 30° .
4. Tighten the locking nut to the specified torque, using the special tool to prevent the rack support cover from spinning.



►K◀ PINION TOTAL ROTATION TORQUE ADJUSTMENT

1. Using the special tool, measure total rotation torque by turning the pinion gear at a speed of one rotation per 4 to 6 seconds.

Standard value:

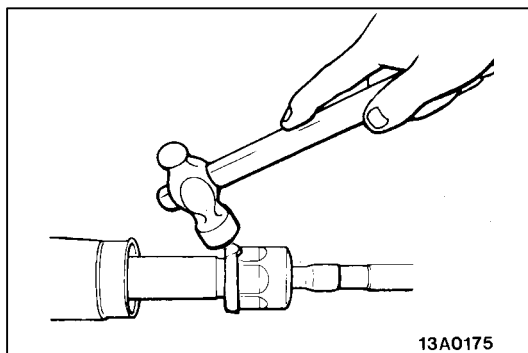
Total rotation torque: 0.6 – 1.6 Nm

Torque fluctuation: 0.4 Nm or less

2. If the total rotation torque or torque fluctuation does not meet the standard values, adjust by returning the rack support cover within a range of 0 to 30° .

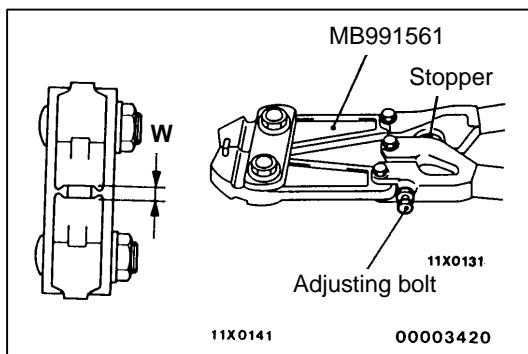
Caution

- (1) Adjust around the maximum limit of the standard values.
- (2) See that no ratcheting or catching are present when operating the rack towards the shaft direction.
- (3) Measure the total pinion torque through the whole stroke of the rack.
3. If the adjustment is impossible in the given range, check the components of the rack support cover, and replace if necessary.



►L◄ TAB WASHER/TIE ROD INSTALLATION

After installing the tie rod to the rack, fold the tab washer end (2 locations) to the tie rod notch.



►M◄ BELLOWS BAND INSTALLATION

1. Turn the adjusting bolt of the special tool to adjust the opening dimension (W) to the standard value.

Standard value (W): 2.9 mm

<When more than 2.9 mm>

Screw in the adjusting bolt.

<When less than 2.9 mm>

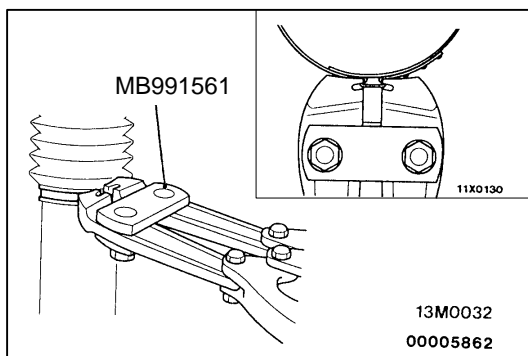
Loosen the adjusting bolt.

NOTE

- (1) The dimension (W) is adjusted by about 0.7 mm per one turn.
- (2) Do not turn the adjusting bolt more than one turn.
2. Use the special tool to crimp the bellows band.

Caution

- (1) Hold the rack housing, and use the special tool to crimp the bellows band securely.
- (2) Crimp the bellows band until the special tool touches the stopper.



3. See that the crimped width (A) meets the standard value.

Standard value (A): 2.4 – 2.8 mm

<When more than 2.8 mm>

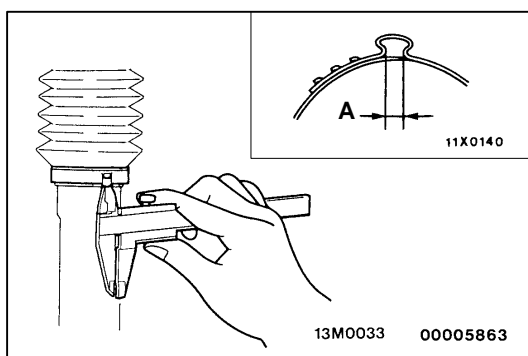
Readjust the dimension (W) of step (1) to the value calculated by the following equation, and repeat step (2).

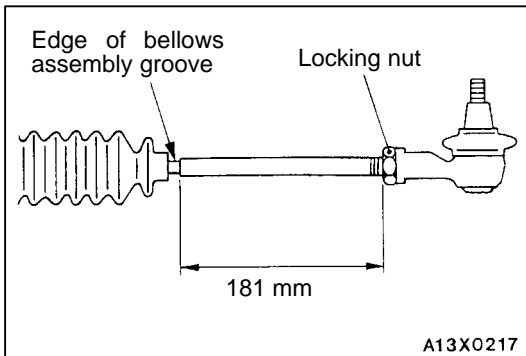
$W = 5.5 \text{ mm} - A$ [Example: If (A) is 2.9 mm, (W) is 2.6 mm.]

<When less than 2.4 mm>

Remove the bellows band, readjust the dimension (W) of step (1) to the value calculated by the following equation, and use a new bellows band to repeat steps (2) to (3).

$W = 5.5 \text{ mm} - A$ [Example: If (A) is 2.3 mm, (W) is 3.2 mm.]



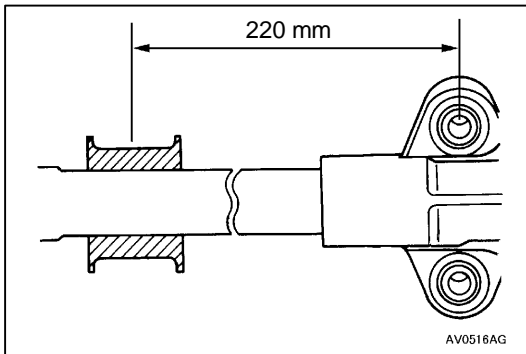


►◄ TIE ROD END/LOCKING NUT INSTALLATION

Screw in the tie rod end until the dimension shown is achieved. Then, temporarily tighten with the locking nut.

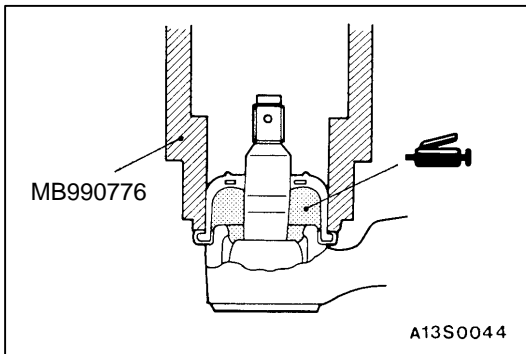
NOTE

The locking nut must be tightened securely only after the power steering gear box and linkage are installed to the vehicle and toe-in is adjusted.



►◄ GEAR MOUNTING RUBBER INSTALLATION

Install the gear mounting rubber to the rack housing so that the distance is as shown in the illustration.



TIE ROD END BALL JOINT DUST COVER REPLACEMENT

Only when the dust cover is damaged accidentally during service work, replace the dust cover as follows:

1. Apply grease to the inside of the dust cover.
2. Drive in the dust cover with special tool until it is fully seated.
3. Check the dust cover for cracks or damage by pushing it with finger.

POWER STEERING OIL PUMP

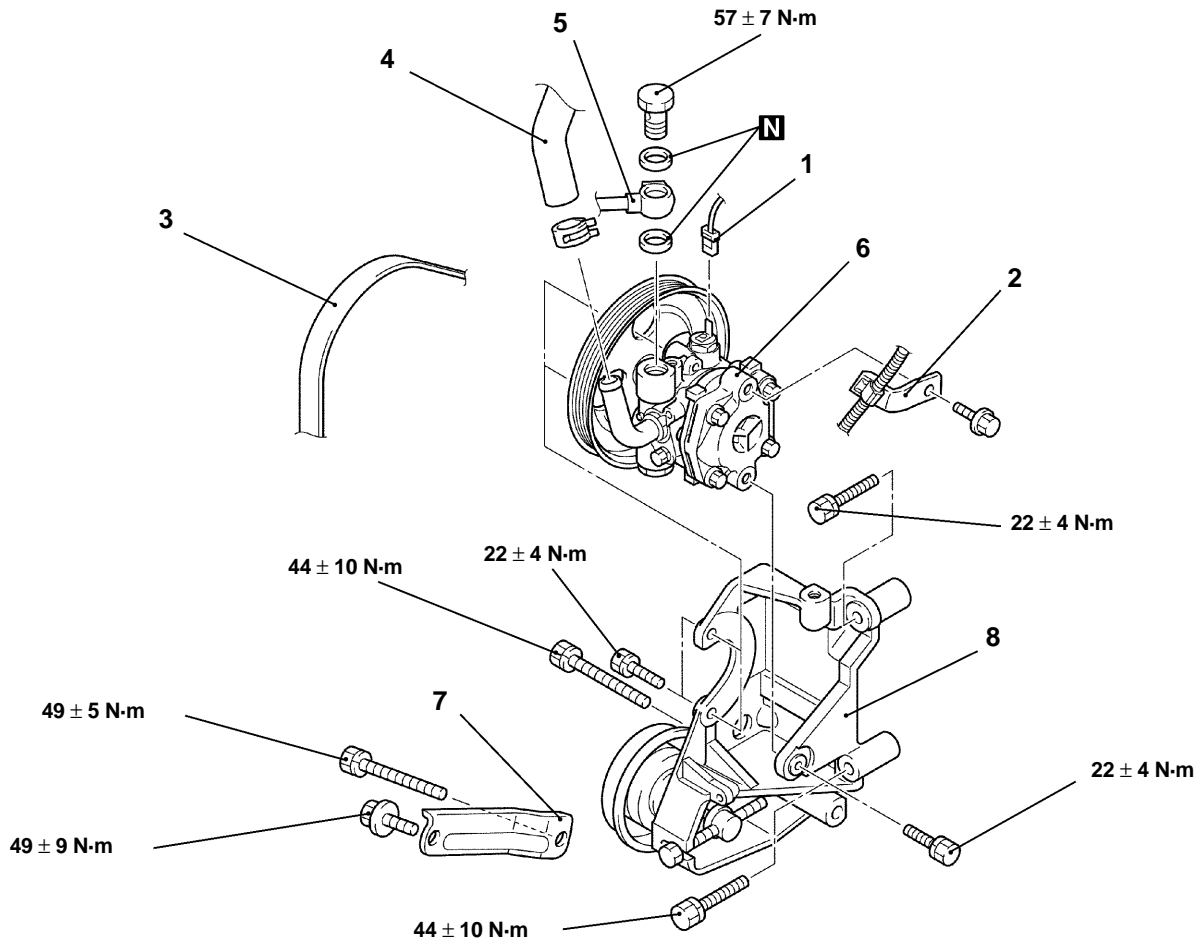
REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION

Pre-removal Operation

Power Steering Fluid Draining

Post-installation Operation

- Power Steering Fluid Supplying and Bleeding
- Drive Belt Tension Adjusting
(Refer to [On-vehicle Service.](#))



AY0540AU

Removal steps

1. Pressure switch connector
2. A/C compressor harness connector bracket
3. Drive belt



4. Suction hose connection
5. Pressure hose connection
6. Oil pump assembly
7. Power steering pump bracket stay
8. Power steering pump bracket

REMOVAL SERVICE POINT

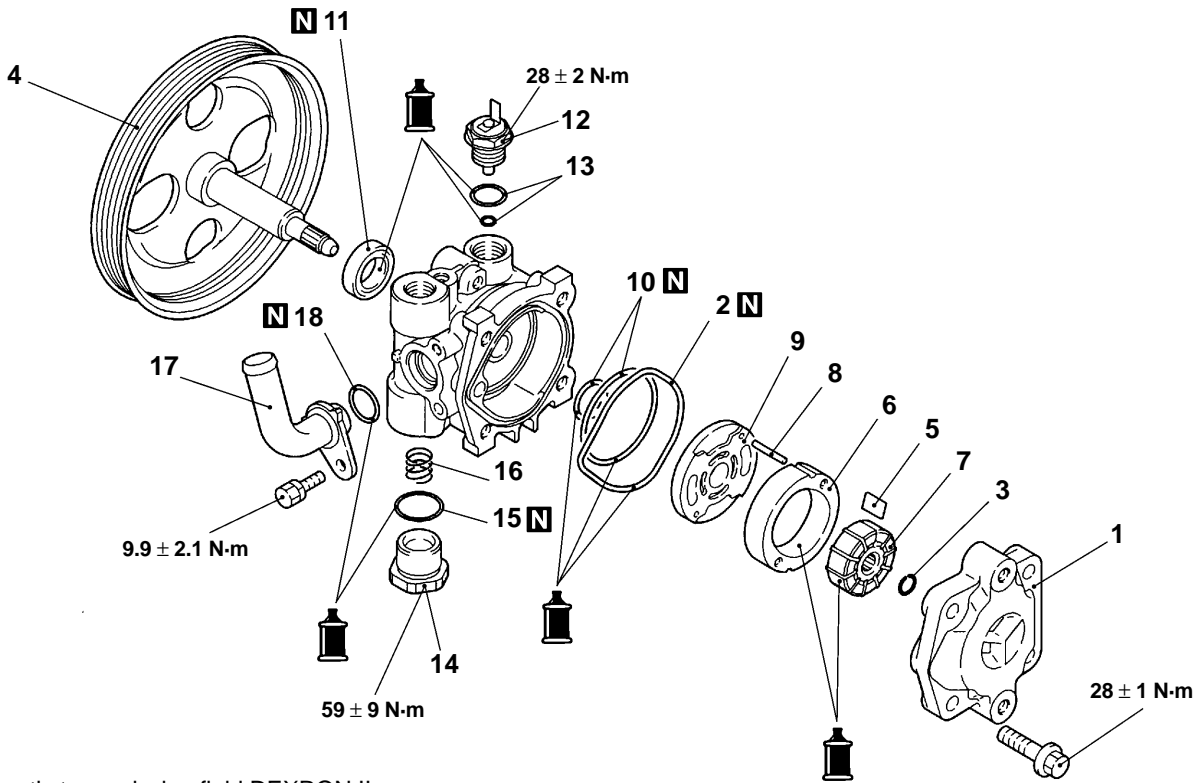
◀A▶ OIL PUMP ASSEMBLY REMOVAL

With the engine lifted by the jack, remove the oil pump assembly mounting bolt (lower side) at the pulley side.

DISASSEMBLY AND REASSEMBLY

Caution

Never disassemble the terminal assembly unable to be reassembled.



NOTE

: Automatic transmission fluid DEXRON II

AX0436AU

<p>AX0819AN</p>	<p>AW0645AU</p>	<p>AX0437AU</p>
Oil pump seal kit	Oil pump cartridge kit	Oil pump pulley and shaft kit

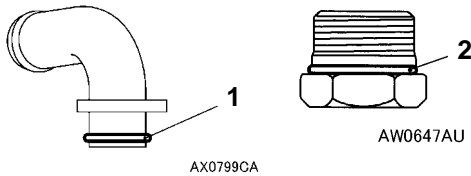
Disassembly steps

1. Pump cover
2. O-ring
3. Snap ring
4. Pulley and shaft
5. Vanes
6. Cam ring
7. Rotor
8. Pin
9. Side plate

10. O-ring
11. Oil seal
12. Terminal assembly
13. O-ring
14. Plug assembly
15. O-ring
16. Flow control spring
17. Suction connector
18. O-ring

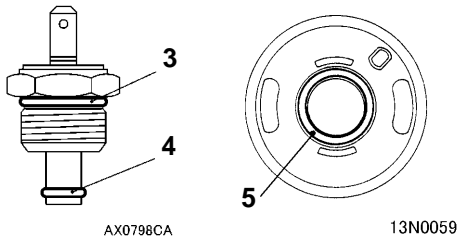
Suction connector

Plug assembly



Terminal assembly

Side plate

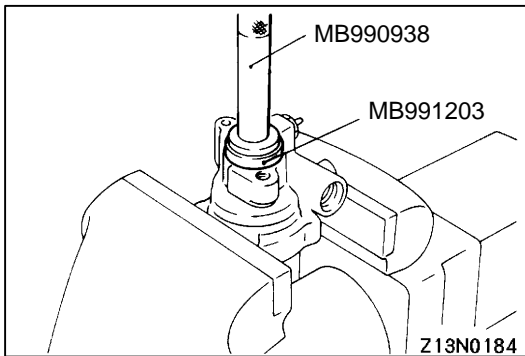


REASSEMBLY SERVICE POINTS

►A◄ O-RING INSTALLATION

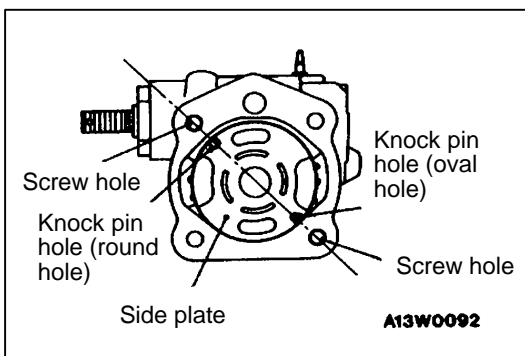
No.	ID × Width mm
1	15.8 × 2.4
2	21.0 × 1.9
3	14.8 × 2.4
4	3.8 × 1.9
5	14.8 × 1.9

►B◄ OIL SEAL INSTALLATION



►C◄ SIDE PLATE INSTALLATION

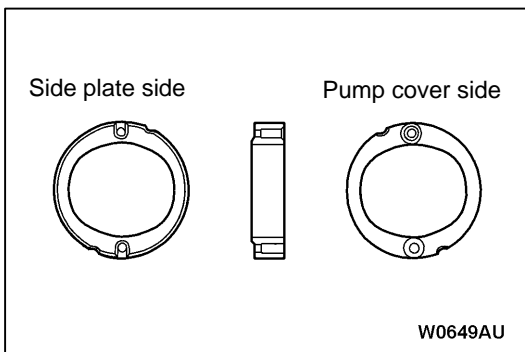
Install the side plate so that the screw hole in the oil pump body and the knock pin holes in the side plate are all in a straight line.

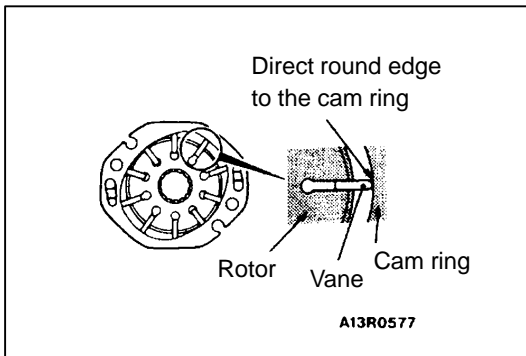


►D◄ CAM RING INSTALLATION

Caution

Care should be taken for installation direction of the cam ring to prevent wrong installation.





►E◄ CAM RING INSTALLATION

Install the vanes on the rotor, paying close attention to the installation direction.

INSPECTION

- Check the flow control valve for clogging
- Check the pulley assembly for wear or damage
- Check the groove of rotor and vanes for “stepped” wear.
- Check the contact surface of cam ring and vanes for “stepped” wear.
- Check the vanes for damage.

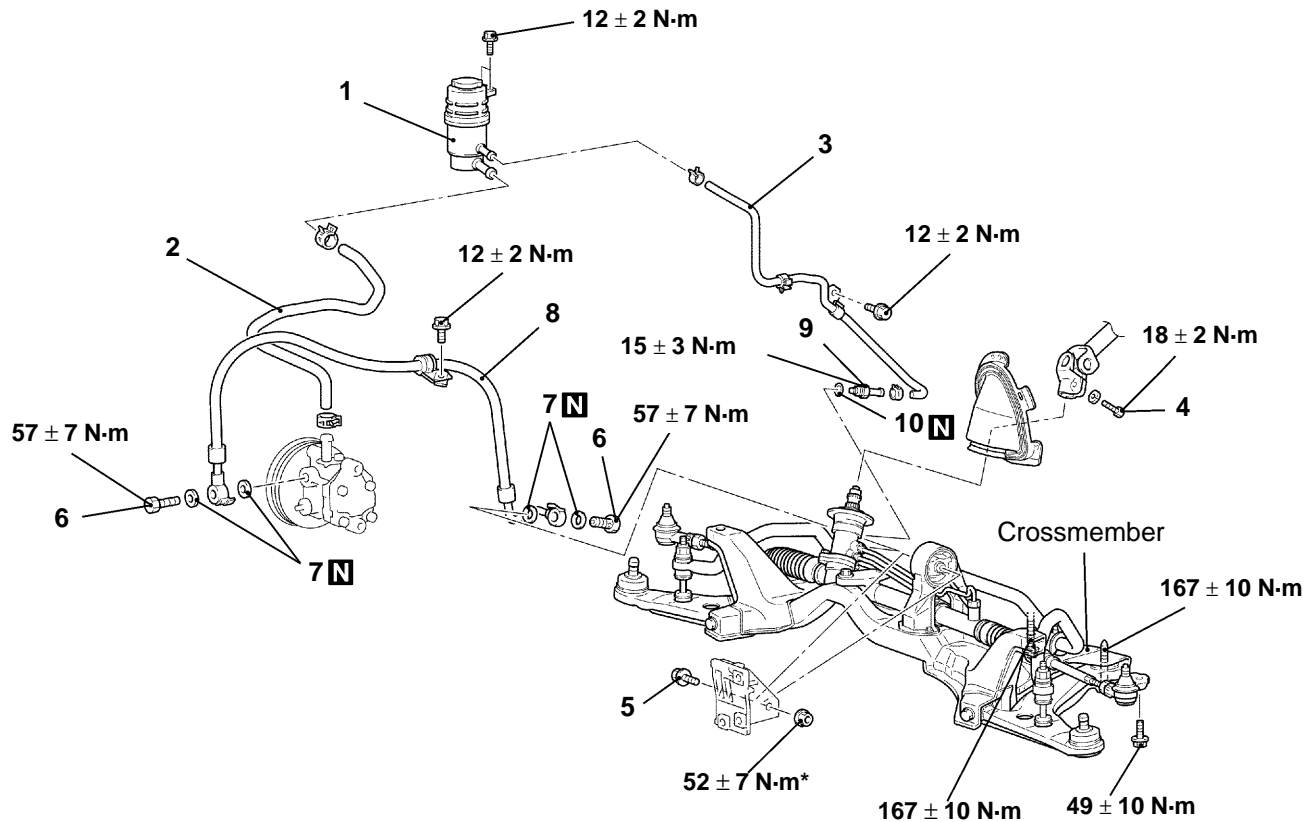
POWER STEERING OIL HOSES

REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION

Caution

1. Before removing the clock spring, always see [Caution for Service and Air Bag Module Clock Spring](#)
2. On the tightening section indicated in the mark (*), lightly tighten the nut first, and then finally tighten it with the engine weight applied on the body.

Pre-removal and Post-installation Operation
Power Steering Fluid Draining and Refilling



AY0563AU

Removal steps

1. Oil reservoir
2. Suction hose
3. Return hose
- [Clock spring<Vehicles with SRS>](#)
- [Centre member](#)
- [Front exhaust pipe](#)



4. Steering gear and joint connecting bolt
5. Rear roll stopper connecting bolt
6. Eye bolt
7. Gasket
8. Pressure hose assembly
9. Return tube
10. O ring

REMOVAL SERVICE POINTS

◀A▶ EYE BOLT/RETURN TUBE REMOVAL

1. Loosen the crossmember mounting bolts and nuts, and lower the crossmember to a position so that the eye bolts or return tube at the steering gear side can be removed.

NOTE

In this case, do not remove the crossmember mounting bolts and nuts.

2. Remove the eye bolts or return tube.